

Originated: 09/01/2015



## **Handbook of Operating Procedures**

#### STAFF WORK HOURS AND REST PERIODS

#### A. Purpose

The purpose of this policy is to establish working hours and rules for rest periods (breaks) at The University of Texas Rio Grande Valley (UTRGV).

## B. Persons Affected

This policy applies to all exempt and non-exempt staff employees of The University of Texas Rio Grande Valley. It does not apply to employees holding a faculty appointment.

## C. <u>Definitions</u>

- 1. <u>Staff Employee</u> An employee of UTRGV whose position is not held by faculty appointment.
- 2. Workday A 24-hour period beginning at 12:01 a.m. and ending the next 12:01 a.m.
- 3. <u>Workweek</u> A fixed and recurring period of seven consecutive workdays, which begins at 12:01 a.m. on Monday through 12 midnight on the following Sunday.

## D. Policy

The policy of UTRGV is:

- 1. Work schedules for staff employees are set according to the normal administrative operating hours of UTRGV: from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday, generally with a 1-hour lunch period.
  - a. Supervisors may permit or require shorter periods for lunch, at least 30 minutes, based on operational needs.
  - Employees who are permitted or required to take shorter lunch periods will be given appropriate compensation or compensatory time off, as applicable under UTRGV policies.
  - c. Work schedules for staff employees in certain departments may vary depending on the operational needs of UTRGV. If this need arises, approval of the divisional head is required.
- 2. The workweek for employees of the University begins at 12:01 a.m. each Monday.



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- 3. Supervisors or managers may permit one 15 minute rest period (break) during the first 4 hours of a normal workday and another during the last four hours.
  - a. If taking a break interferes with the performance of an employee's immediate responsibilities or the efficiency of the department, the employee may be required to work continuously without a break.
  - b. Break time is considered working time for purposes of pay. If a break is not permitted, an employee is not entitled to additional compensation or compensatory time off because he or she did not take a break.
  - c. Breaks may not be used to extend the lunch period, to delay starting time or to leave early nor may they be accumulated to provide for a prolonged time off period.
  - d. Supervisors or managers may permit part-time employees to take a break during any work sessions of three hours or more.

#### E. <u>Procedures</u>

Not Applicable.

# F. Relevant Federal and/or State Statute(s), Board of Regents' Rule(s), UTS Policy(ies), and/or Coordinating Board Rule(s)

Texas Government Code Chapter 658, Hours of Labor

Fair Labor Standards Act

## G. Dates Reviewed or Amended

Reviewed and amended (non-substantive: updated responsible executive) - May 9, 2022.