

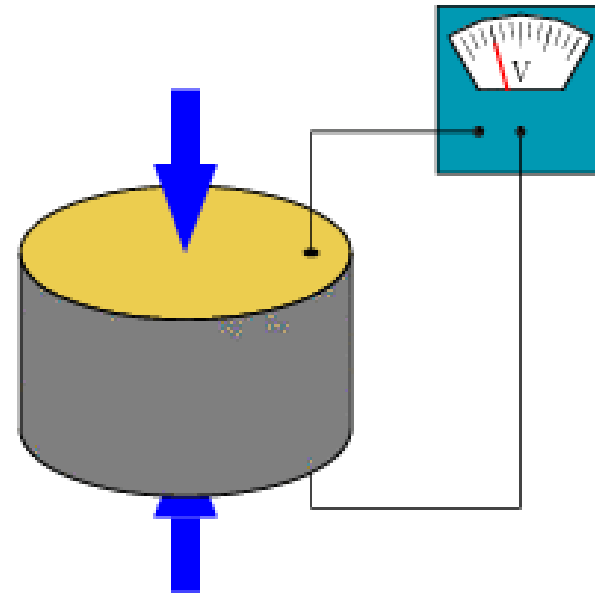
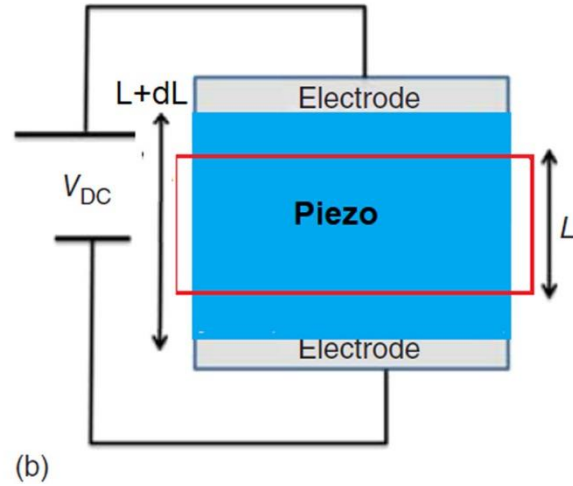
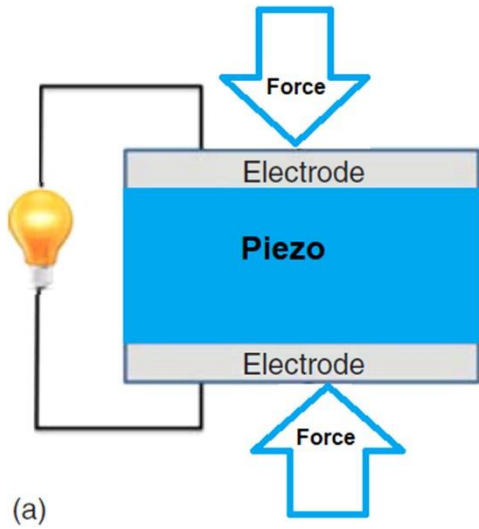
# Surface Modified Nanostructured Oxide in Functional Polymer for Piezoelectric Energy Harvesting and Human Gesture Sensing

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# Piezoelectricity

ELECTRIC POLARIZATION IN A SUBSTANCE RESULTING FROM MECHANICAL STRESS.

# Piezoelectric Materials

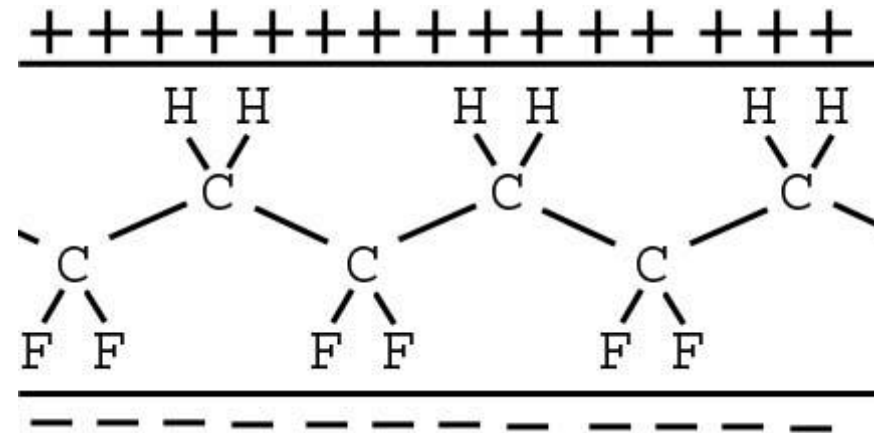
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## RIGID

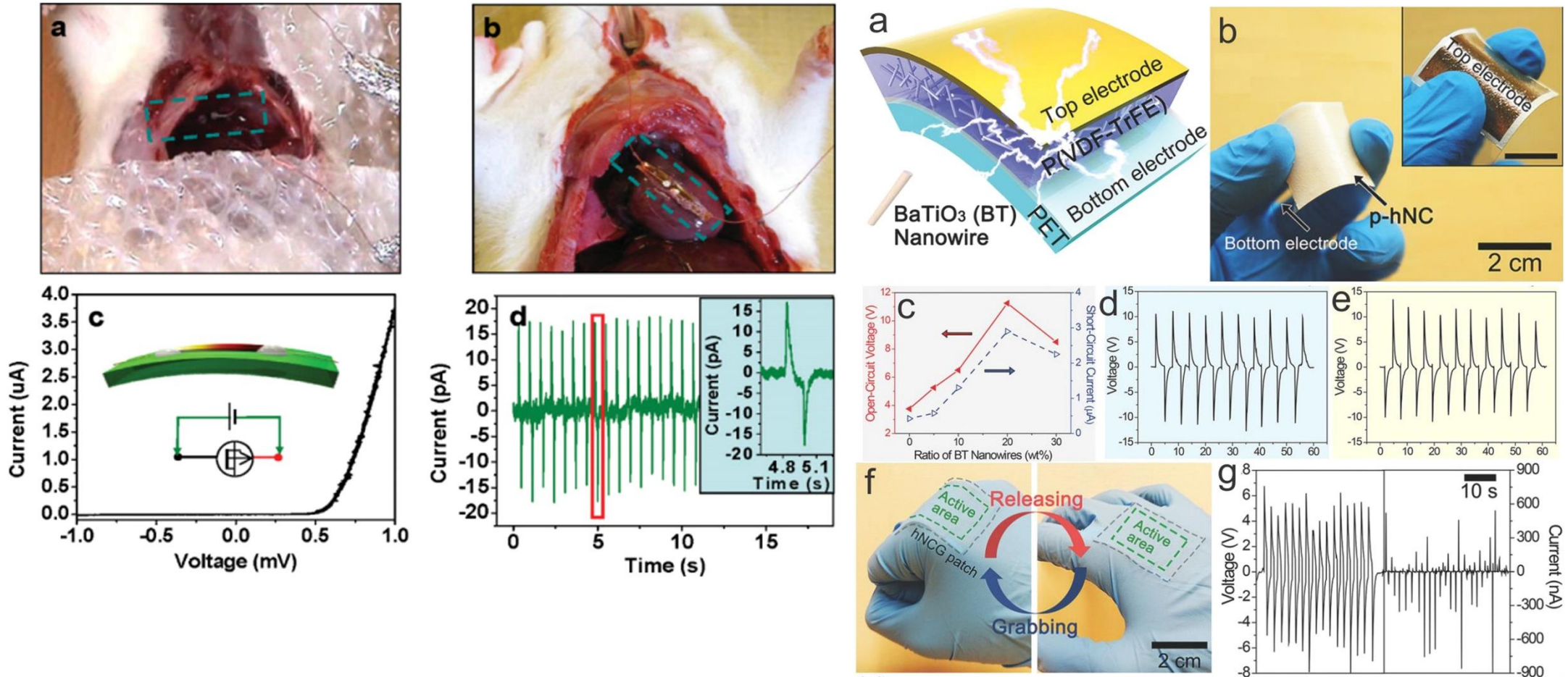
- Synthetic ceramics:  $\text{BaTiO}_3$ ,  $\text{PbTiO}_3$ ,  $\text{Pb}(\text{Zr},\text{Ti})\text{O}_3$ ,  $\text{KNbO}_3$ ,  $\text{LiNbO}_3$ ,  $\text{LiTaO}_3$ ,  $\text{Na}_2\text{WO}_3$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$
- Lead-free piezoceramics:  $(\text{K},\text{Na})\text{NbO}_3$ ,  $\text{BiFeO}_3$ ,  $\text{Bi}_4\text{Ti}_3\text{O}_{12}$ ,  $\text{Na}_{0.5}\text{Bi}_{0.5}\text{TiO}_3$ ,  $\text{ZnO}$ .

## FLEXIBLE

- PVDF-Poly(vinylidene fluoride)



# Recent Works in Flexible Piezoelectrics



Preparing

Preparing the modified ZnO nanoparticle using wet chemical co precipitation method.

Incorporating

Incorporating modified ZnO into PVDF to produce flexible Piezoelectric film.

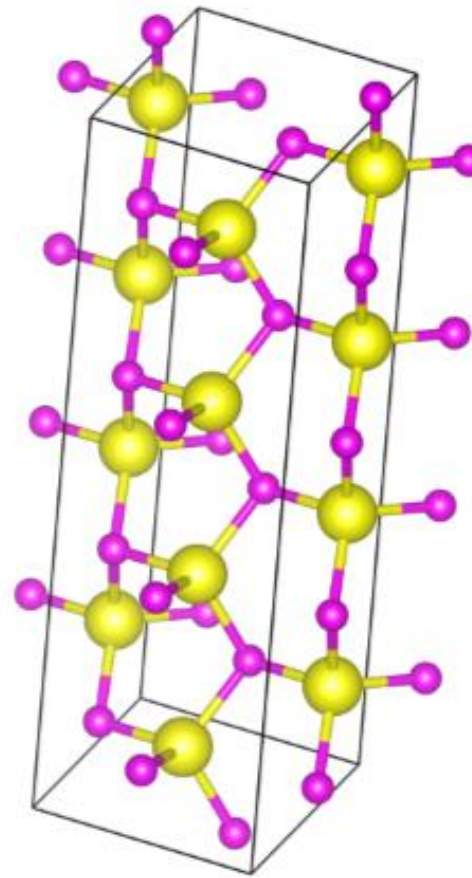
Using

Using MWCNT to increase conductivity.

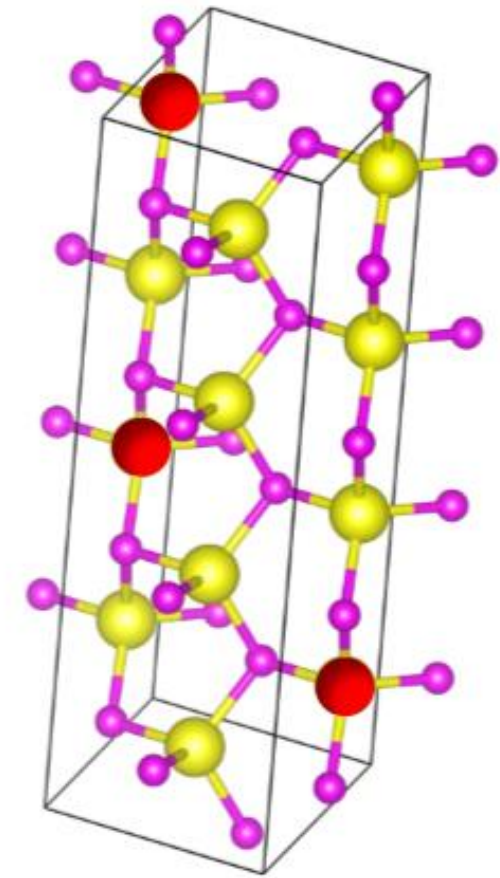
# Procedure and Goals

# Crystal Structure Modification

- ZnO is modified by replacing Zinc with other metal.
- New metal induces stress in the crystal structure.
- Stress is induced due to the mismatch of ionic radius.
- This induced stress results in higher piezoelectric response.



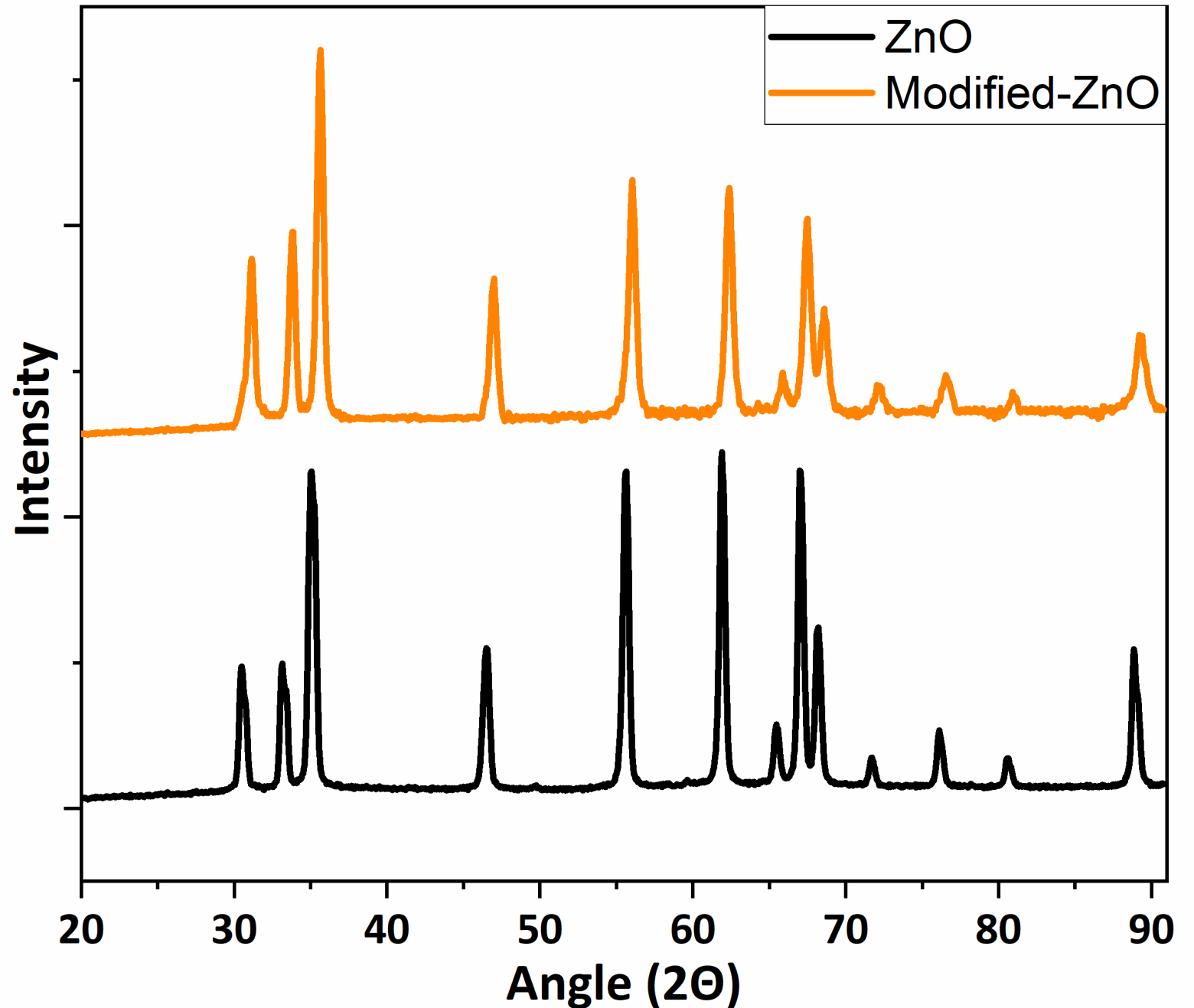
Zinc Oxide

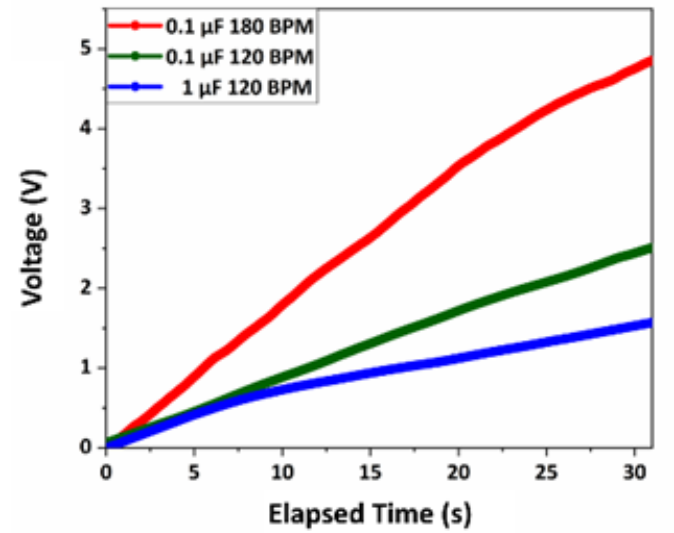
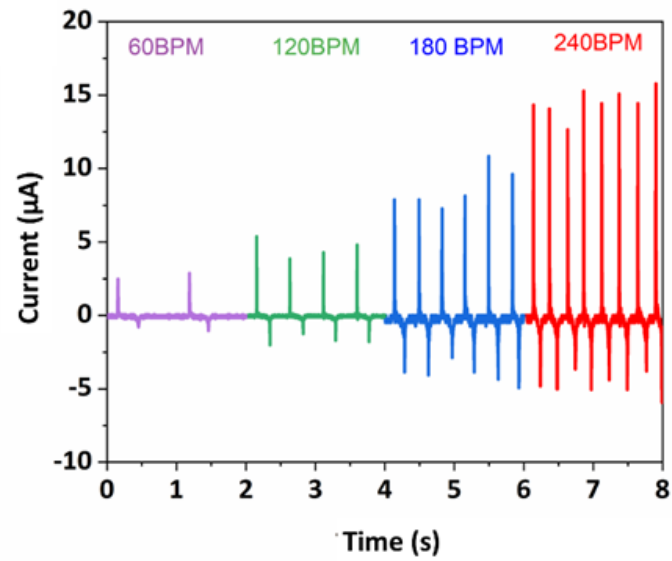
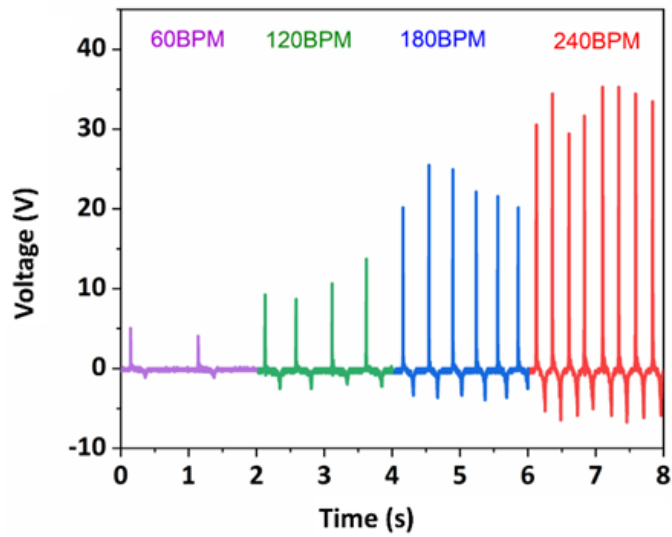


Modified Zinc Oxide

# XRD Comparison

- Overall peak shifts to the right with change in intensity.
- Doping of metal induced overall shift.
- All peaks are retained indicating no change in crystal structure.





# Electric Output



# Conclusion

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- Higher electrical output compared to basic ZnO based flexible piezoelectric films.
- Higher charging capacity.
- Higher sensitivity to force.
- Universal applicability.

# References

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Thank You